Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878

Section 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Item code	070
Product name	Sapone per Cuoio
UFI	G060-C0S4-X00H-Y2W4

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Use exclusively for cleaning any type of leather – Consumer uses
Chemical Product Category (PC)
Washing and cleaning products [35]
Use exclusively for cleaning any type of leather – Industrial uses
Chemical Product Category (PC)
Washing and cleaning products [35]
Use exclusively for cleaning any type of leather – Professional uses
Chemical Product Category (PC)
Washing and cleaning products [35]

Uses advised against
Follow only "recommended uses"
Non utilizzare su pelli scamosciate / Do not use on suede and nubuck leathers / Ne pas utiliser sur le suède et nubuck cuirs

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name	Fabbrica Chimica Unione srl
Full address	Via Aldo Bozzi 12/14
Town	Desio
Postal code	20832
Province	MB
Country	Italy
Phone number	0362 450867
Fax	0362 368288
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	info@chimicaunione.it

1.4 Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to	Österreich(Austria) Vergiftungsinformationszentrale Tel:+4314064343 België/Belgique(Belgium) CentreAntipoisons/Antigifcentrum Tel:+3270245245 България(Bulgaria) NationalToxicologyInformationCentre Tel:+35929154409 Hrvatska(Croatia) CroatianInstituteofPublicHealth,DivisionforToxicology Tel:+38512348342 Κύπρος/Kıbrıs(Cyprus) MinistryofLabour,WelfareandSocialInsurance,DepartmentofLabourInspection Tel:+35722405611 Českárepublika(CzechRepublic) Toxikologickéinformačnístředisko Tel:+420224919293 Danmark(Denmark) Giftlinjen Tel:+4582121212 Eesti(Estonia) EstonianPoisonInformationCentre Tel:+3727943794 Suomi/Finland(Finland) PoisonInformationCentre Tel:+3589471977 France(France) CentreAntipoisondeParis Tel:+33140054848 Deutschland(Germany) Giftinformationszentrum-Nord Tel:+4955119240 Ελλάδα(Greece) GreekNationalPoisonInformationCentre Tel:+302107793777 Magyarország(Hungary) NationalToxicologicalInformationService Tel:+3680201199 Ísland(Iceland) PoisonInformationCentre Tel:+3545432222 Éire/Ireland(Ireland) NationalPoisonsInformationCentre Tel:+35318092166 Italia(Italy) CentroAntivelenidiMilano Tel:+390266101029

Section 2 Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.
Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment is given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification		
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms



Signal word
Warning

Hazard statements	
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements	
P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P264	Wash exposed body parts thoroughly after handling.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P321	Specific treatment (see appropriate box on this label).

2.3 Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.
The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

Section 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Idrocarburi

Concentration	12.8 ≤ x < 20 %
EC number	919-857-5
Registration Number	01-2119463258-33-xxxx

Hazard classification	▪ Flam. Liq. 3; H226 ▪ Asp. Tox. 1; H304 ▪ Eye Irrit. 2; H319 ▪ STOT SE 3; H336
Additional classification	EUH066

MORPHOLINE

Concentration	1.75 ≤ x < 2.73 %
CAS number	110-91-8
EC number	203-815-1
INDEX number	613-028-00-9
Registration Number	01-2119496057-30
Hazard classification	▪ Flam. Liq. 3; H226 ▪ Acute Tox. 4; H302 ▪ Acute Tox. 3; H311 ▪ Skin Corr. 1B; H314 ▪ Eye Dam. 1; H318 ▪ Acute Tox. 4; H332
LD50 (Oral):	1,050 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal):	500 mg/kg
ATE (Inhalation - vapours)	11 mg/l
Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.	

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

Concentration	1.44 ≤ x < 2.24 %
CAS number	112-34-5
EC number	203-961-6
INDEX number	603-096-00-8
Registration Number	01-2119475104-44-XXXX
Hazard classification	▪ Eye Irrit. 2; H319
Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.	

HEPTANE

Concentration	0.000077 ≤ x < 0.00033 %
CAS number	142-82-5
EC number	205-563-8
INDEX number	601-008-00-2
Hazard classification	▪ Flam. Liq. 2; H225 ▪ Asp. Tox. 1; H304 ▪ Skin Irrit. 2; H315 ▪ STOT SE 3; H336 ▪ Aquatic Acute 1; H400 ▪ Aquatic Chronic 1; H410
M Factor (acute)	1
M Factor (chronic)	1
Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation:	C
Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.	

TOLUENE

Concentration	0.000077 ≤ x < 0.00033 %
CAS number	108-88-3

Section 3

EC number	203-625-9
INDEX number	601-021-00-3
Hazard classification	▪ Flam. Liq. 2; H225 ▪ Asp. Tox. 1; H304 ▪ Skin Irrit. 2; H315 ▪ STOT SE 3; H336 ▪ Repr. 2; H361d ▪ STOT RE 2; H373 ▪ Aquatic Chronic 3; H412
Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.	

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

Section 4 First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.
In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.
EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.
SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.
INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.
INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuers protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.
DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

Section 5 Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT
Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray

can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.
UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT
Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE
Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION
Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS
Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

Section 6 Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.
Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2 Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10.
Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.
Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany)
None

Applicable technical instruction according to Royal Decree 656/2017:

Classification	Storage in fixed containers	Storage in mobile containers
▪ H315 – Skin Irrit. 2 ▪ H319 – Eye Irrit. 2	Not applicable	MIE APQ-10 – Storage in mobile containers
Respect the joint storage conditions established in Royal Decree 656/2017.		

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Information not available.

Section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Regulatory references	
ACGIH	ACGIH 2026
European Union-OEL	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
Ireland-OELV	2020 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations (2001-2015) and the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Carcinogens) Regulations (2001-2019)
Malta-TLV	PROTECTION OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF WORKERS FROM THE RISKS RELATED TO CHEMICAL AGENTS AT WORK REGULATIONS (S.L.424.24). PROTECTION OF WORKERS FROM THE RISKS RELATED TO EXPOSURE TO CARCINOGENS OR MUTAGENS AT WORK REGULATIONS (S.L.424.22)

Idrocarburi

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL	Local effect	Systemic effect
Consumers, long-term, dermal		125 mg/kg bw/d
Consumers, long-term, inhalation		185 mg/m³
Consumers, long-term, oral		125 mg/kg bw/d
Workers, long-term, dermal		208 mg/kg bw/d
Workers, long-term, inhalation		871 mg/m³

MORPHOLINE

	TWA		STEL		CEILING		Remarks	
	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm		
ACGIH	71	20					Skin	
European Union-OEL	36	10	72	20			--	
Ireland-OELV	36	10	72	20			Skin	
Malta-TLV	36	10	72	20			--	

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

	TWA		STEL		CEILING		Remarks	
	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm		
ACGIH	66	10					Inhalation	
European Union-OEL	67.5	10	101.2	15			--	
Ireland-OELV	67.5	10	101.2	12			--	
Malta-TLV	67.5	10	101.2	15			--	

HEPTANE

	TWA		STEL		CEILING		Remarks	
	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm		
ACGIH	1,639	400	2,049	500			--	
European Union-OEL	2,085	500					--	
Ireland-OELV	2,085	500					--	
Malta-TLV	2,085	500					--	

TOLUENE

	TWA		STEL		CEILING		Remarks	
	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm		
ACGIH		20					--	
European Union-OEL	192	50	384	100			Skin	
Ireland-OELV	192	50	384	100			Skin	
Malta-TLV	192	50	384	100			Skin	

8.2 Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.
When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.
Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.
When choosing risk management measures and operating conditions, consult the exposure scenarios attached.
Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION
Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).
The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.
The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION
Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344/EN ISO 13034). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION
Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.
Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.
If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS
The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	paste	
Colour	yellowish	
Odour	aromatic	
Melting point / freezing point	> 40 °C (> 104 °F)	
Initial boiling point	100 °C (212 °F)	
Flammability	not flammable	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Flash point	Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
Decomposition temperature	Not available	
pH	7 ≤ x ≤ 8	
Kinematic viscosity	> 20.5 mm^2/s	Temperature: 40 °C (104 °F)
Solubility	Not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Density and/or relative density	Not available	
Relative vapour density	Not available	

Particle characteristics

Information not available.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazards

Information not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Total solids	32.14 %	Temperature: 250 °C (482 °F)
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	1.96 %	
Volatile carbon	1.09 %	

Section 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

MORPHOLINE

May develop:

TOLUENE

Avoid exposure to: light

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

May react with: oxidising substances
May form peroxides with: oxygen
Develops hydrogen on contact with: aluminium
May form explosive mixtures with: air

TOLUENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid, nitric acid, silver perchlorate, nitrogen dioxide, non-metal halogenates, acetic acid, organic nitrocompounds
May form explosive mixtures with: air
May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, sulphur

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: air

10.5 Incompatible materials

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen

Section 11 Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.
It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1 Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available.

11.1.2 Information on likely routes of exposure

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

TOLUENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.
POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

11.1.3 Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

May be absorbed by inhalation, ingestion and skin contact; is irritating for the skin and especially for the eyes. May cause damage to the spleen. At room temperature the danger of inhalation is unlikely, due to the low vapour pressure of the substance.

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

11.1.4 Interactive effects

TOLUENE

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

11.1.5 ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture	> 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture	> 2,000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture	> 2,000 mg/kg

Idrocarburi

LD50 (Oral):	> 5,000 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: ratto
LD50 (Dermal):	> 5,000 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Coniglio
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 5 mg/l	Exposure duration: 4 hours Species/guidelines: ratto

MORPHOLINE

LD50 (Oral):	1,050 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rat
LD50 (Dermal):	500 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	35.1 mg/l	Exposure duration: 4 hours Species/guidelines: Rat
ATE (Inhalation - vapours)	11 mg/l	estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

LD50 (Oral):	3,384 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rat
LD50 (Dermal):	2,700 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rabbit

TOLUENE

LD50 (Oral):	5,580 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rat
LD50 (Dermal):	12,124 mg/kg	Species/guidelines: Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	28.1 mg/l	Exposure duration: 4 hours Species/guidelines: Rat

11.1.6 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation.

11.1.7 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation.

11.1.8 RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.9 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.10 CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

TOLUENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999).
The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

11.1.11 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.12 STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.13 STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.1.14 ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class
Viscosity:

11.2 Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

Section 12 Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1 Toxicity

Idrocarburi

EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1,000 mg/l	Exposure duration: 48 hours Species/guidelines: (Daphnia magna (Pulce d'acqua grande); 48 h)
LC50 - for Fish	> 1,000 mg/l	Exposure duration: 96 hours Species/guidelines: (Oncorhynchus mykiss (Trota iridea); 96 h)
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1,000 mg/l	Exposure duration: 72 hours Species/guidelines: (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (alghe cloroficee))

HEPTANE

EC50 - for Crustacea	82.5 mg/l	Exposure duration: 48 hours Species/guidelines: Daphnia magna
LC50 - for Fish	375 mg/l	Exposure duration: 96 hours Species/guidelines: Oreochromis mossambicus

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1.5 mg/l	Exposure duration: 72 hours Species/guidelines: Algae

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Idrocarburi

Degradability	Rapidly degradable	

MORPHOLINE

Solubility in water	1,000 ≤ x ≤ 10,000 mg/l	

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

Solubility in water	1,000 ≤ x ≤ 10,000 mg/l	
Degradability	Rapidly degradable	

HEPTANE

Solubility in water	0.1 ≤ x ≤ 100 mg/l	
Degradability	Rapidly degradable	

TOLUENE

Solubility in water	100 ≤ x ≤ 1,000 mg/l	
Degradability	Rapidly degradable	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

MORPHOLINE

Bioconcentration factor	< 0.65
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-2.55 LogKow

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	1 LogKow

HEPTANE

Bioconcentration factor	552
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	4.5 LogKow

TOLUENE

Bioconcentration factor	90
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.73 LogKow

12.4 Mobility in soil

MORPHOLINE

Partition coefficient soil/water	-0.6196 LogKoc

HEPTANE

Partition coefficient soil/water	2.38 LogKoc

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Information not available.

Section 13 Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.
The management of waste arising from the use or dispersal of this product must be organised in accordance with occupational safety regulations. See section 8 for possible need for PPE.
CONTAMINATED PACKAGING
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

Directive 2008/98/EC (waste)
For the disposal of waste from this material, the hazard characteristics shall be assessed in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC. Any transboundary shipment must comply with Regulation (EU) 2024/1157.

Hazardous waste classification - Reg. (UE) 1357/2014
HP 5 – Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity

Section 14 Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1 UN number or ID number

Not applicable

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4 Packing group

Not applicable

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

Section 15 Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:
None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006		
	Restrictions	Registration Number EU
Product restrictions	3, 40	
Contained substance		
	75	

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)	Registration Number EU
On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.	

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)	Authorisation Number	Sunset date	Registration Number EU
None			

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:
None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:
None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:
None

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 - on persistent organic pollutants
None

Healthcare controls
Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Notification Art. 45 CLP
The mixture may not have been notified in all EU Member States. In the event of resale in a country other than the one in which it was purchased, contact the supplier to verify any applicable obligations.

Regulation (EU) 2024/590 – Substances that deplete the ozone layer	
Annex I. Contains:	Annex II. Contains:
None	None

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)
None

Denmark - MAL code - Executive Order No. 301 of 13 May 1993
n.a.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

Idrocarburi

Section 16 Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:	
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Legend
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road - ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate - CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number - CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 - DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

Section 16

Legend

- EC50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- EC: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

General Bibliography

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII ATP CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX ATP CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X ATP CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI ATP CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII ATP CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII ATP CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/217 (XIV ATP CLP)
19. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1182 (XV ATP CLP)
20. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/643 (XVI ATP CLP)
21. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/849 (XVII ATP CLP)
22. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/692 (XVIII ATP CLP)
23. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/707
24. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/1434 (XIX ATP CLP)
25. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/1435 (XX ATP CLP)
26. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2024/197 (XXI ATP CLP)
27. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2024/2564 (XXII ATP CLP)

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28. Regulation (EU) 2024/2865
29. Delegated Regulation (EU) 2025/1222 (XXIII ATP CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.
The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Calculation methods for classification

Chemical and physical hazards:
Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.
Health hazards:
Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.
Environmental hazards:
Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes from the previous revision

13 Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

15 Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture